Important Benefit Notices

2025

Contact Name Simmons University Benefits Office

Mailing Address 300 The Fenway

Boston, MA 02115

Contact Email: <u>benefits@simmons.edu</u>

Contact Phone: 617-521-2084

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If you (and/or your dependents) have Medicare or will become eligible for Medicare in the next 12 months, a Federal law gives you more choices about your prescription drug coverage. Please see pages 2-3 for more details.

If you have any questions, or would like a printed copy, please reach out to the contact listed above. Other plan documents, including Summary Plan Descriptions (SPDs), Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBCs) and Benefit Summaries can be found on the Benefits Website.

Important Notice from Simmons University About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare (Creditable Coverage)

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with Simmons University and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

- 1) Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.
- 2) Simmons University has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the Simmons University Welfare Benefit Plan is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15 to December 7.

However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your current coverage will not be affected. As an eligible participant, you can keep your WPI coverage if you elect Medicare Part D and this plan will coordinate with Part D coverage.

If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current coverage, be aware that you and your dependents will be able to get this coverage back at the next annual enrollment opportunity or qualified life event.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with this plan and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- Visit www.medicare.gov
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Or contact the person listed below.

NOTE: You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through Simmons University changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

Effective Date: 7/1/2025 Employer Name: Simmons University

Contact Name/Title: Christina Webber
Director, Benefits & HR Operations

Address: 300 The Fenway, Boston, MA 02115

Phone: 617-521-2084 Email: benefits@simmons.edu



Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage Options and Your Health Coverage

Form Approved OMB No. 1210-0149 (expires 12-31-2026)

Part A: General Information

Even if you are offered health coverage through your employment, you may have other coverage options through the Health Insurance Marketplace ("Marketplace"). To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the Health Insurance Marketplace and health coverage offered through your employment.

What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?

The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options in your geographic area.

Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?

You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium and other out-of-pocket costs, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that is not considered affordable for you and doesn't meet certain minimum value standards (discussed below). The savings that you're eligible for depends on your household income. You may also be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your costs.

Does Employment-Based Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?

Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that is considered affordable for you and meets certain minimum value standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit, or advance payment of the tax credit, for your Marketplace coverage and may wish to enroll in your employment-based health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit, and advance payments of the credit that lowers your monthly premium, or a reduction in certain cost-sharing, if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that is considered affordable for you or meet minimum value standards. If your share of the premium cost of all plans offered to you through your employment is more than 9.12% of your annual household income, or if the coverage through your employment does not meet the "minimum value" standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit, and advance payment of the credit, if you do not enroll in the employment-based health coverage. For family members of the employee, coverage is considered affordable if the employee's cost of premiums for the lowest-cost plan that would cover all family members does not exceed 9.12% of the employee's household income. 12

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered through your employment, then you may lose access to whatever the employer contributes to the employment-based coverage. Also, this employer contribution -as well as your employee contribution to employment-based coverage- is generally excluded from income for federal and state income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis. In addition, note that if the health coverage offered through your employment does not meet the affordability or minimum value standards, but you accept that coverage anyway, you will not be eligible for a tax credit. You should consider all of these factors in determining whether to purchase a health plan through the Marketplace.

¹ Indexed annually; see https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-drop/rp-22-34.pdf for 2023.

² An employer-sponsored or other employment-based health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs. For purposes of eligibility for the premium tax credit, to meet the "minimum value standard," the health plan must also provide substantial coverage of both inpatient hospital services and physician services.

When Can I enroll in Health Insurance Coverage Through the Marketplace?

You can enroll in a Marketplace health insurance plan during the annual Marketplace Open Enrollment Period. Open Enrollment varies by state but generally starts November 1 and continues through at least December 15. Outside the annual Open Enrollment Period, you can sign up for health insurance if you qualify for a Special Enrollment Period. In general, you qualify for a Special Enrollment Period if you've had certain qualifying life events, such as getting married, having a baby, adopting a child, or losing eligibility for other health coverage. Depending on your Special Enrollment Period type, you may have 60 days before or 60 days following the qualifying life event to enroll in a Marketplace plan.

In addition, if you or your family members are enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP coverage, it is important to make sure that your contact information is up to date to make sure you get any information about changes to your eligibility. To learn more, visit HealthCare.gov or call the Marketplace Call Center at 1-800-318-2596. TTY users can call 1-855-889-4325.

What about Alternatives to Marketplace Health Insurance Coverage?

If you or your family are eligible for coverage in an employment-based health plan (such as an employer-sponsored health plan), you or your family may also be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period to enroll in that health plan in certain circumstances, including if you or your dependents were enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP coverage and lost that coverage. Generally, you have 60 days after the loss of Medicaid or CHIP coverage to enroll in an employment-based health plan. Confirm the deadline with your employer or your employment-based health plan.

Alternatively, you can enroll in Medicaid or CHIP coverage at any time by filling out an application through the Marketplace or applying directly through your state Medicaid agency. Visit https://www.healthcare.gov/medicaid-chip/getting-medicaid-chip/ for more details.

How Can I Get More Information?

For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your summary plan description or contact Simmons University Benefits Office at 617-521-2084 or benefits@simmons.edu.

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit **HealthCare.gov** for more information, including an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

PART B: Information About Health Coverage Offered by Your Employer

This section contains information about any health coverage offered by your employer. If you decide to complete an application for coverage in the Marketplace, you will be asked to provide this information. This information is numbered to correspond to the Marketplace application.

3. Employer Name Simmons University		4. Employer Identification Number (EIN) 04-2103629
5. Employer address 300 The Fenway		6. Employer phone number 617-521-2084
7. City Boston	8. State MA	9. Zip Code 02152
10. Who can we contact about health coverage at this job? Christina Webber		
11. Phone number (if different from above)	12. Email address benefits@simmons.edu	

Here is some basic information about health coverage offered by this employer:

- · As your employer, we offer a health plan to:
 - ☐ All employees.
 - ☑ Some employees. Eligible employees are faculty or staff members regularly scheduled to work: Regularly scheduled to work 20 hours or more per week. Those that work an average of 30 hours per week over a 12-month look back period and qualify under the Affordable Care Act (ACA).
- · With respect to dependents:
 - ☑ We do offer coverage. Eligible dependents are: Legal spouses or domestic partners, dependent children up to the end of the month following their 26th birthday, disabled dependents (any age).
 - □ We do not offer coverage.
- ☑ If checked, this coverage meets the minimum value standard, and the cost of this coverage to you is intended to be affordable, based on employee wages.

If you decide to shop for coverage in the Marketplace, <u>HealthCare.gov</u> will guide you through the process. Here's the employer information you'll enter when you visit <u>HealthCare.gov</u> to find out if you can get a tax credit to lower your monthly premiums.

^{**} Even if your employer intends this coverage to be affordable, you may still be eligible for a premium discount through the Marketplace. The Marketplace will use your household income, along with other factors, to determine whether you may be eligible for a premium discount. If, for example, your wages vary from week to week (perhaps you are an hourly employee or you work on a commission basis), if you are newly employed mid-year, or if you have other income losses, you may still qualify for a premium discount.

The information below corresponds to the Marketplace Employer Coverage Tool. Completing this section is optional for employers, but will help ensure employees understand their coverage choices.
13. Is the employee currently eligible for coverage offered by this employer, or will the employee be eligible in the next 3 months? ☐ Yes (Continue)
13a. If the employee is not eligible today, including as a result of a waiting or probationary period, when is the employee eligible for coverage? (mm/dd/yyyy) (Continue) □ No (STOP and return this form to employee)
2 No (0 TOT and total tallo form to omployou)
14. Does the employer offer a health plan that meets the minimum value standard*?
☑ Yes (Go to question 15) ☐ No (STOP and return form to employee)
15. For the lowest-cost plan that meets the minimum value standard* offered only to the employee (don't include family plans): If the employer has wellness programs, provide the premium that the employee would pay if he/ she received the maximum discount for any tobacco cessation programs, and didn't receive any other discounts based on wellness programs.
a. How much would the employee have to pay in premiums for this plan?
Full-time under \$80k salary: \$174.49 Full-time over \$80k salary: \$194.43
b. How often? ☐ Weekly ☐ Every 2 weeks ☐ Twice a month ☑ Monthly ☐ Quarterly ☐ Yearly
If the plan year will end soon and you know that the health plans offered will change, go to question 16. If you don't know, STOP and return form to employee.
16. What change will the employer make for the new plan year?
☐ Employer won't offer health coverage
☐ Employer will start offering health coverage to employees or change the premium for the lowest-cos plan available only to the employee that meets the minimum value standard.* (Premium should reflect the discount for wellness programs. See question 15.)
a. How much would the employee have to pay in premiums for this plan? \$

b. How often? ☐ Weekly ☐ Every 2 weeks ☐ Twice a month ☐ Monthly ☐ Quarterly ☐ Yearly

Simmons University: HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices Your Information. Your Rights. Our Responsibilities.

This notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed and how you can get access to this information. **Please review it carefully.**

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) imposes numerous requirements on the use and disclosure of individual health information by Simmons University's group health plans. This information, known as protected health information, includes almost all individually identifiable health information held by a plan — whether received in writing, in an electronic medium, or as an oral communication. This notice describes the privacy practices of these group plans including the Simmons Health and Dental Plan(s). The plans covered by this notice may share health information with each other to carry out treatment, payment, or health care operations. These plans are collectively referred to as the Plan in this notice, unless specified otherwise.

The Plan's duties with respect to health information about you

The Plan is required by law to maintain the privacy of your health information and to provide you with this notice of the Plan's legal duties and privacy practices with respect to your health information. If you participate in an insured plan option, you will receive a notice directly from the Insurer. It's important to note that these rules apply to the Plan, not Simmons University as an employer — that's the way the HIPAA rules work. Different policies may apply to other Simmons University programs or to data unrelated to the Plan.

How the Plan may use or disclose your health information

The privacy rules generally allow the use and disclosure of your health information without your permission (known as an authorization) for purposes of health care treatment, payment activities, and health care operations. Here are some examples of what that might entail:

- **Treatment** includes providing, coordinating, or managing health care by one or more health care providers or doctors. Treatment can also include coordination or management of care between a provider and a third party, and consultation and referrals between providers. For example, the Plan may share your health information with physicians who are treating you.
- Payment includes activities by this Plan, other plans, or providers to obtain premiums, make coverage determinations, and provide reimbursement for health care. This can include determining eligibility, reviewing services for medical necessity or appropriateness, engaging in utilization management activities, claims management, and billing; as well as performing "behind the scenes" plan functions, such as risk adjustment, collection, or reinsurance. For example, the Plan may share information about your coverage or the expenses you have incurred with another health plan to coordinate payment of benefits. Health care operations include activities by this Plan (and, in limited circumstances, by other plans or providers), such as wellness and risk assessment programs, quality assessment and improvement activities, customer service, and internal grievance resolution.
- Health care operations also include evaluating vendors; engaging in credentialing, training, and accreditation
 activities; performing underwriting or premium rating; arranging for medical review and audit activities; and
 conducting business planning and development. For example, the Plan may use information about your claims to
 audit the third parties that approve payment for Plan benefits.

The amount of health information used, disclosed or requested will be limited and, when needed, restricted to the minimum necessary to accomplish the intended purposes, as defined under the HIPAA rules. If the Plan uses or discloses PHI for underwriting purposes, the Plan will not use or disclose PHI that is your genetic information for such purposes.

How the Plan may share your health information

The Plan, or its health insurer, may disclose your health information without your written authorization to Simmons University for plan administration purposes. Simmons University may need your health information to administer benefits

under the Plan. Simmons University agrees not to use or disclose your health information other than as permitted or required by the Plan documents and by law. Human Resources and persons with a Fiduciary Responsibility to the plan are the only Simmons University employees who will have access to your health information for plan administration functions. Here's how additional information may be shared between the Plan and Simmons University, as allowed under the HIPAA rules:

- The Plan, or its insurer, may disclose "summary health information" to Simmons University, if requested, for
 purposes of obtaining premium bids to provide coverage under the Plan or for modifying, amending, or
 terminating the Plan. Summary health information is information that summarizes participants' claims information,
 from which names and other identifying information have been removed.
- The Plan, or its insurer, may disclose to Simmons University information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan or has enrolled or disensolled in an insurance option or by the Plan.

In addition, you should know that Simmons University cannot and will not use health information obtained from the Plan for any employment-related actions. However, health information collected by Simmons University from other sources — for example, under the Family and Medical Leave Act, Americans with Disabilities Act, or workers' compensation programs — is not protected under HIPAA (although this type of information may be protected under other federal or state laws).

Other allowable uses or disclosures of your health information

In certain cases, your health information can be disclosed without authorization to a family member, close friend, or other person you identify who is involved in your care or payment for your care. Information about your location, general condition, or death may be provided to a similar person (or to a public or private entity authorized to assist in disaster relief efforts). You'll generally be given the chance to agree or object to these disclosures (although exceptions may be made — for example, if you're not present or if you're incapacitated). In addition, your health information may be disclosed without authorization to your legal representative. The Plan also is allowed to use or disclose your health information without your written authorization for the following activities:

Workers'	Disclosures to workers' compensation or similar legal programs that provide benefits for
compensation	work-related injuries or illness without regard to fault, as authorized by and necessary to
	comply with the laws
Necessary to prevent	Disclosures made in the good-faith belief that releasing your health information is necessary
serious threat to	to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to public or personal health or safety, if
health or safety	made to someone reasonably able to prevent or lessen the threat (or to the target of the
	threat); includes disclosures to help law enforcement officials identify or apprehend an
	individual who has admitted participation in a violent crime that the Plan reasonably believes
	may have caused serious physical harm to a victim, or where it appears the individual has
	escaped from prison or from lawful custody
Public health	Disclosures authorized by law to persons who may be at risk of contracting or spreading a
activities	disease or condition; disclosures to public health authorities to prevent or control disease or
	report child abuse or neglect; and disclosures to the Food and Drug Administration to collect
	or report adverse events or product defects
Victims of abuse,	Disclosures to government authorities, including social services or protected services
neglect, or domestic	agencies authorized by law to receive reports of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence, as
violence	required by law or if you agree or the Plan believes that disclosure is necessary to prevent
	serious harm to you or potential victims (you'll be notified of the Plan's disclosure if informing
	you won't put you at further risk)
Judicial and	Disclosures in response to a court or administrative order, subpoena, discovery request, or
administrative	other lawful process (the Plan may be required to notify you of the request or receive
proceedings	satisfactory assurance from the party seeking your health information that efforts were made
	to notify you or to obtain a qualified protective order concerning the information)
Law enforcement	Disclosures to law enforcement officials required by law or legal process, or to identify a
purposes	suspect, fugitive, witness, or missing person; disclosures about a crime victim if you agree or
	if disclosure is necessary for immediate law enforcement activity; disclosures about a death
	that may have resulted from criminal conduct; and disclosures to provide evidence of criminal

	conduct on the Plan's premises
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Decedents	Disclosures to a coroner or medical examiner to identify the deceased or determine cause of
	death; and to funeral directors to carry out their duties
Organ, eye, or tissue	Disclosures to organ procurement organizations or other entities to facilitate organ, eye, or
donation	tissue donation and transplantation after death
Research purposes	Disclosures subject to approval by institutional or private privacy review boards, subject to
	certain assurances and representations by researchers about the necessity of using your
	health information and the treatment of the information during a research project
Health oversight	Disclosures to health agencies for activities authorized by law (audits, inspections,
activities	investigations, or licensing actions) for oversight of the health care system, government
	benefits programs for which health information is relevant to beneficiary eligibility, and
	compliance with regulatory programs or civil rights laws
Specialized	Disclosures about individuals who are Armed Forces personnel or foreign military personnel
government functions	under appropriate military command; disclosures to authorized federal officials for national
١	security or intelligence activities; and disclosures to correctional facilities or custodial law
	enforcement officials about inmates
UUS investigations	
HHS investigations	Disclosures of your health information to the Department of Health and Human Services to
	investigate or determine the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA privacy rule

Except as described in this notice, other uses and disclosures will be made only with your written authorization. For example, in most cases, the Plan will obtain your authorization before it communicates with you about products or programs if the Plan is being paid to make those communications. If we keep psychotherapy notes in our records, we will obtain your authorization in some cases before we release those records. The Plan will never sell your health information unless you have authorized us to do so. You may revoke your authorization as allowed under the HIPAA rules. However, you can't revoke your authorization with respect to disclosures the Plan has already made. You will be notified of any unauthorized access, use, or disclosure of your unsecured health information as required by law. The Plan will notify you if it becomes aware that there has been a loss of your health information in a manner that could compromise the privacy of your health information.

Your individual rights

You have the following rights with respect to your health information the Plan maintains. These rights are subject to certain limitations, as discussed below. This section of the notice describes how you may exercise each individual right. See the table at the end of this notice for information on how to submit requests.

Right to request restrictions on certain uses and disclosures of your health information and the Plan's right to refuse

You have the right to ask the Plan to restrict the use and disclosure of your health information for treatment, payment, or health care operations, except for uses or disclosures required by law. You have the right to ask the Plan to restrict the use and disclosure of your health information to family members, close friends, or other persons you identify as being involved in your care or payment for your care. You also have the right to ask the Plan to restrict use and disclosure of health information to notify those persons of your location, general condition, or death — or to coordinate those efforts with entities assisting in disaster relief efforts. If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing.

The Plan is not required to agree to a requested restriction. If the Plan does agree, a restriction may later be terminated by your written request, by agreement between you and the Plan (including an oral agreement), or unilaterally by the Plan for health information created or received after you're notified that the Plan has removed the restrictions. The Plan may also disclose health information about you if you need emergency treatment, even if the Plan has agreed to a restriction.

An entity covered by these HIPAA rules (such as your health care provider) or its business associate must comply with your request that health information regarding a specific health care item or service not be disclosed to the Plan for purposes of payment or health care operations if you have paid out of pocket and in full for the item or service.

Right to inspect and copy your health information

With certain exceptions, you have the right to inspect or obtain a copy of your health information in a "designated record set." This may include medical and billing records maintained for a health care provider; enrollment, payment, claims adjudication, and case or medical management record systems maintained by a plan; or a group of records the Plan uses to make decisions about individuals. However, you do not have a right to inspect or obtain copies of psychotherapy notes or information compiled for civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings. The Plan may deny your right to access, although in certain circumstances, you may request a review of the denial.

If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing. Within 30 days of receipt of your request, the Plan will provide you with one of these responses:

- The access or copies you requested
- A written denial that explains why your request was denied and any rights you may have to have the denial reviewed or file a complaint
- A written statement that the time period for reviewing your request will be extended for no more than 30 more days, along with the reasons for the delay and the date by which the Plan expects to address your request

You may also request your health information be sent to another entity or person, so long as that request is clear, conspicuous and specific. The Plan may provide you with a summary or explanation of the information instead of access to or copies of your health information, if you agree in advance and pay any applicable fees. The Plan also may charge reasonable fees for copies or postage. If the Plan doesn't maintain the health information but knows where it is maintained, you will be informed where to direct your request.

If the Plan keeps your records in an electronic format, you may request an electronic copy of your health information in a form and format readily producible by the Plan. You may also request that such electronic health information be sent to another entity or person, so

long as that request is clear, conspicuous, and specific. Any charge that is assessed to you for these copies must be reasonable and based on the Plan's cost.

Right to amend your health information that is inaccurate or incomplete

With certain exceptions, you have a right to request that the Plan amend your health information in a designated record set. The Plan may deny your request for a number of reasons. For example, your request may be denied if the health information is accurate and complete, was not created by the Plan (unless the person or entity that created the information is no longer available), is not part of the designated record set, or is not available for inspection (e.g., psychotherapy notes or information compiled for civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings).

If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing, and you must include a statement to support the requested amendment. Within 60 days of receipt of your request, the Plan will take one of these actions:

- Make the amendment as requested
- Provide a written denial that explains why your request was denied and any rights you may have to disagree or file a complaint
- Provide a written statement that the time period for reviewing your request will be extended for no more than 30 more days, along with the reasons for the delay and the date by which the Plan expects to address your request

Right to receive an accounting of disclosures of your health information

You have the right to a list of certain disclosures of your health information the Plan has made. This is often referred to as an "accounting of disclosures." You generally may receive this accounting if the disclosure is required by law, in connection with public health activities, or in similar situations listed in the table earlier in this notice, unless otherwise indicated below. You may receive information on disclosures of your health

information for up to six years before the date of your request. You do not have a right to receive an accounting of any disclosures made in any of these circumstances:

- For treatment, payment, or health care operations
- To you about your own health information
- Incidental to other permitted or required disclosures
- Where authorization was provided
- To family members or friends involved in your care (where disclosure is permitted without authorization)
- For national security or intelligence purposes or to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials in certain circumstances
- As part of a "limited data set" (health information that excludes certain identifying information

In addition, your right to an accounting of disclosures to a health oversight agency or law enforcement official may be suspended at the request of the agency or official.

If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing. Within 60 days of the request, the Plan will provide you with the list of disclosures or a written statement that the time period for providing this list will be extended for no more than 30 more days, along with the reasons for the delay and the date by which the Plan expects to address your request. You may make one request in any 12-month period at no cost to you, but the Plan may charge a fee for subsequent requests. You'll be notified of the fee in advance and have the opportunity to change or revoke your request.

Right to obtain a paper copy of this notice from the Plan upon request

You have the right to obtain a paper copy of this privacy notice upon request. Even individuals who agreed to receive this notice electronically may request a paper copy at any time.

Changes to the information in this notice

The Plan must abide by the terms of the privacy notice currently in effect. This notice takes effect on September 23, 2013. However, the Plan reserves the right to change the terms of its privacy policies, as described in this notice, at any time and to make new provisions effective for all health information that the Plan maintains. This includes health information that was previously created or received, not just health information created or received after the policy is changed. If changes are made to the Plan's privacy policies described in this notice, you will be provided with a revised privacy notice via email. You have the right to receive a paper copy of the Notice upon request.

Complaints

If you believe your privacy rights have been violated or your Plan has not followed its legal obligations under HIPAA, you may complain to the Plan and to the Secretary of Health and Human Services. You won't be retaliated against for filing a complaint. Complaints should be filed in writing with:

Simmons University Human Resources

Tel: 617-521-2084 Fax: 617-521-3781

Email: hr@simmons.edu

Address: 300 The Fenway, Boston, MA 02115

Contact

For more information on the Plan's privacy policies or your rights under HIPAA, contact Christina Webber at 617-521-2084. *Updated April 2022*

Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial **1-877-KIDS NOW** or **www.insurekidsnow.gov** to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and **you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance**. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at **www.askebsa.dol.gov** or call **1-866-444-EBSA (3272)**.

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of March 17, 2025. Contact your State for more information on eligibility –

ALABAMA – Medicaid	ALASKA – Medicaid
Website: http://myalhipp.com/	The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program
Phone: 1-855-692-5447	Website: http://myakhipp.com/
	Phone: 1-866-251-4861
	Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com
	Medicaid Eligibility: https://health.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/default.aspx

ARKANSAS – Medicaid	CALIFORNIA - Medicaid
Website: http://myarhipp.com/ Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)	Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Website: http://dhcs.ca.gov/hipp Phone: 916-445-8322 Fax: 916-440-5676 Email: hipp@dhcs.ca.gov
COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)	FLORIDA – Medicaid
Health First Colorado Website: https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/ Health First Colorado Member Contact Center: 1-800-221-3943/State Relay 711 CHP+: https://hcpf.colorado.gov/child-health-plan-plus CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/State Relay 711 Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI): https://www.mycohibi.com/ HIBI Customer Service: 1-855-692-6442	Website: https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/index.html Phone: 1-877-357-3268
GEORGIA – Medicaid	INDIANA – Medicaid
GA HIPP Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp Phone: 678-564-1162, Press 1 GA CHIPRA Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/programs/third-party-liability/childrens-health-insurance-program-reauthorization-act-2009-chipra Phone: 678-564-1162, Press 2	Health Insurance Premium Payment Program All other Medicaid Website: https://www.in.gov/medicaid/ http://www.in.gov/fssa/dfr/ Family and Social Services Administration Phone: 1-800-403-0864 Member Services Phone: 1-800-457-4584

IOWA – Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)	KANSAS – Medicaid
Medicaid Website: Iowa Medicaid Health & Human Services Medicaid Phone: 1-800-338-8366 Hawki Website: Hawki - Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa Health & Human Services	Website: https://www.kancare.ks.gov/ Phone: 1-800-792-4884 HIPP Phone: 1-800-967-4660
Hawki Phone: 1-800-257-8563 HIPP Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Health & Human Services (iowa.gov) HIPP Phone: 1-888-346-9562	
KENTUCKY – Medicaid	LOUISIANA – Medicaid
Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment Program (KI-HIPP) Website: https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihipp. aspx Phone: 1-855-459-6328 Email: KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov KCHIP Website: https://kynect.ky.gov Phone: 1-877-524-4718 Kentucky Medicaid Website: https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms	Website: www.medicaid.la.gov or www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp Phone: 1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or 1-855-618-5488 (LaHIPP)
MAINE – Medicaid	MASSACHUSETTS – Medicaid and CHIP
Enrollment Website: https://www.mymaineconnection.gov/benefits/s/?language=en_US Phone: 1-800-442-6003 TTY: Maine relay 711 Private Health Insurance Premium Webpage: https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms Phone: 1-800-977-6740 TTY: Maine relay 711	Website: https://www.mass.gov/masshealth/pa Phone: 1-800-862-4840 TTY: 711 Email: masspremassistance@accenture.com

MINNESOTA – Medicaid	MISSOURI – Medicaid
Website: https://mn.gov/dhs/health-care-coverage/ Phone: 1-800-657-3672 MONTANA – Medicaid	Website: http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm Phone: 573-751-2005 NEBRASKA – Medicaid
Website: http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP Phone: 1-800-694-3084 Email: HHSHIPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPPProgram@mt.gov/HIPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP	Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov Phone: 1-855-632-7633 Lincoln: 402-473-7000 Omaha: 402-595-1178
NEVADA – Medicaid	NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid
Medicaid Website: http://dhcfp.nv.gov Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900	Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/programs-services/medicaid/health-insurance-premium-program Phone: 603-271-5218 Toll free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345, ext. 15218 Email: DHHS.ThirdPartyLiabi@dhhs.nh.gov
NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP	NEW YORK – Medicaid
Medicaid Website: http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/ dmahs/clients/medicaid/ Phone: 1-800-356-1561 CHIP Premium Assistance Phone: 609-631-2392 CHIP Website: http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710 (TTY: 711)	Website: https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/ Phone: 1-800-541-2831

NORTH CAROLINA – Medicaid	NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid
Website: https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/	Website: https://www.hhs.nd.gov/healthcare
Phone: 919-855-4100	Phone: 1-844-854-4825
OKLAHOMA – Medicaid and CHIP	OREGON – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org	Website: http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx
Phone: 1-888-365-3742	Phone: 1-800-699-9075
PENNSYLVANIA – Medicaid and CHIP	RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: https://www.pa.gov/en/services/dhs/apply-for-	Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/
medicaid-health-insurance-premium-payment-program- hipp.html	Phone: 1-855-697-4347, or
Phone: 1-800-692-7462	401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share Line)
CHIP Website: Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) (pa.gov)	
CHIP Phone: 1-800-986-KIDS (5437)	
SOUTH CAROLINA – Medicaid	SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid
SOUTH CAROLINA - Medicaid Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov	SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid Website: http://dss.sd.gov
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov	Website: http://dss.sd.gov
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820 TEXAS – Medicaid Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP)	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059 UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP)
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820 TEXAS – Medicaid Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Texas Health and Human Services	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059 UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP) Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/upp/
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820 TEXAS – Medicaid Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Texas Health and Human Services	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059 UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP) Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/upp/ Email: upp@utah.gov
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820 TEXAS – Medicaid Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Texas Health and Human Services	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059 UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP) Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/upp/ Email: upp@utah.gov Phone: 1-888-222-2542 Adult Expansion Website:
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820 TEXAS – Medicaid Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Texas Health and Human Services	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059 UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP) Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/upp/ Email: upp@utah.gov Phone: 1-888-222-2542 Adult Expansion Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/expansion/ Utah Medicaid Buyout Program Website:
Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820 TEXAS – Medicaid Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Texas Health and Human Services	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059 UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP) Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/upp/ Email: upp@utah.gov Phone: 1-888-222-2542 Adult Expansion Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/expansion/ Utah Medicaid Buyout Program Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/buyout-program/

VERMONT- Medicaid	VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Department of Vermont Health Access Phone: 1-800-250-8427	Website: https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/famis-select
	https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium- assistance/health-insurance-premium-payment-hipp- programs
	Medicaid/CHIP Phone: 1-800-432-5924
WASHINGTON – Medicaid	WEST VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: https://www.hca.wa.gov/	Website: https://dhhr.wv.gov/bms/
Phone: 1-800-562-3022	http://mywvhipp.com/
	Medicaid Phone: 304-558-1700
	CHIP Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447)
WISCONSIN – Medicaid and CHIP	WYOMING - Medicaid
Website: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/badgercareplus/p- 10095.htm Phone: 1-800-362-3002	Website: https://health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/medicaid/programs-and-eligibility/ Phone: 1-800-251-1269

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since March 17, 2025, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor Employee Benefits Security Administration www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services www.cms.hhs.gov 1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 6156

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a Federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email ebsa.opr@dol.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.

OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 1/31/2026)

Simmons Wellness Program Notice

New rules published on May 17, 2016, under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) require employers that offer wellness programs and collect employee health information to provide a notice to employees informing them what information will be collected, how it will be used, who will receive it, and what will be done to keep it confidential. Please review the Simmons Wellness Program notice outlined below.

Simmons University's Wellness Program is a voluntary wellness program available to all benefit-eligible employees. The program is administered according to federal rules permitting employer-sponsored wellness programs that seek to improve employee health or prevent disease, including the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, as applicable, among others.

If you choose to participate in the wellness program you may be asked to complete a voluntary health risk assessment or "HRA" that asks a series of questions about your health-related activities and behaviors and whether you have or had certain medical conditions (e.g., cancer, diabetes, or heart disease). You may also be asked to supply biometric screening information as part of this HRA. Please note, you are not required to complete the HRA or to participate in the blood test or other medical examinations.

However, employees who choose to participate in the wellness program activity may receive an incentive for doing so. Although you are not required to complete the HRA or participate in the biometric screening, only employees and spouses who do so, will receive incentives. To confirm specific incentives offered, please email benefits@simmons.edu. Additional incentives may be available for employees who participate in certain health-related activities such as obtaining an Annual Preventive Wellness Visits. If you are unable to participate in any of the health-related activities or achieve any of the health outcomes required to earn an incentive, you may be entitled to a reasonable accommodation or an alternative standard. You may request a reasonable accommodation or an alternative standard by emailing benefits@simmons.edu.

The information from your HRA and the results from your biometric screening will be used to provide you with information to help you understand your current health and potential risks, and may also be used to offer you services through the wellness program, such as options for online Wellness Coaching programs. You also are encouraged to share your results or concerns with your own doctor.

Protections from Disclosure of Medical Information

We are required by law to maintain the privacy and security of your personally identifiable health information. Although the wellness program and Simmons University may use aggregate information it collects to design a program based on identified health risks in the workplace, Harvard Pilgrim Health Plan will never disclose any of your personal information either publicly or to the employer, except as necessary to respond to a request from you for a reasonable accommodation needed to participate in the wellness program, or as expressly permitted by law. Medical information that personally identifies you that is provided in connection with the wellness program will not be provided to your supervisors or managers and may never be used to make decisions regarding your employment.

Your health information will not be sold, exchanged, transferred, or otherwise disclosed except to the extent permitted by law to carry out specific activities related to the wellness program, and you will not be asked or required to waive the confidentiality of your health information as a condition of participating in the wellness program or receiving an incentive. Anyone who receives your information for purposes of providing you services as part of the wellness program will abide by the same confidentiality requirements. The only individual(s) who will receive your personally identifiable health information is Harvard Pilgrim Health Plan in order to provide you with services under the wellness program. In addition, all medical information obtained through the wellness program will be maintained separate from your personnel records, information stored electronically will be encrypted, and no information you provide as part of the wellness program will be used in making any employment decision. Appropriate precautions will be taken to avoid any data breach, and in the event a data breach occurs involving information you provide in connection with the wellness program, we will notify you immediately.

You may not be discriminated against in employment because of the medical information you provide as part of participating in the wellness program, nor may you be subjected to retaliation if you choose not to participate. If you have questions or concerns regarding this notice, or about protections against discrimination and retaliation, please contact Christina Webber at the Simmons Benefits department via benefits@simmons.edu.

HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights

This notice is being provided to help you understand your right to apply for group health coverage. You should read this notice even if you plan to waive health coverage at this time.

Loss of Other Coverage

If you are declining coverage for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this Plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing toward your or your dependents' other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after your or your dependents' other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage).

Marriage, Birth or Adoption

If you have a new dependent as a result of a marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, or placement for adoption.

Medicaid or CHIP

If you or your dependents lose eligibility for coverage under Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) or become eligible for a premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or CHIP, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. You must request enrollment within 60 days of the loss of Medicaid or CHIP coverage or the determination of eligibility for a premium assistance subsidy.

To request special enrollment or obtain more information, please contact the plan administrator (see cover page for contact information).

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA). The Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act requires group health plans and their insurance companies and HMOs to provide certain benefits for mastectomy patients who elect breast reconstruction.

For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed; Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; Prostheses; and Treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedema.

Breast reconstruction benefits are subject to deductibles and co-insurance limitations that are consistent with those established for other benefits under the plan. If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, contact your plan administrator (see cover page for contact information).

Patient Protections

Harvard Pilgrim Health Care generally requires the designation of a primary care provider. You have the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in our network and who is available to accept you or your family members. Until you make this designation, Harvard Pilgrim Health Care designates one for you. For information on how to select a primary care provider, and for a list of the participating primary care providers, contact the plan administrator (see cover page for contact information). For children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider.

You do not need prior authorization from Harvard Pilgrim Health Care or from any other person (including a primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in our network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact the plan administrator (see cover page for contact information).

Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA)

The Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 protects employees against discrimination based on their genetic information. Unless otherwise permitted, your employer may not request or require any genetic information from you or your family members. GINA prohibits employers and other entities covered by GINA Title II from requesting or requiring genetic information of an individual or family member of the individual, except as specifically allowed by this law.

To comply with this law, we are asking that you not provide any genetic information when responding to this request for medical information. "Genetic Information" as defined by GINA, includes an individual's family medical history, the results of genetic tests, the fact that a member sought or received genetic services, and genetic information of a fetus carried by a member or an embryo lawfully held by a member receive assistive reproductive services.

Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under federal law restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section.

However, federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother of her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours if applicable).

Mental Health Parity & Addiction Act

The Mental Health Parity and Addiction Act of 2008 generally requires group health plans and health insurance issuers to ensure that financial requirements (such as co-pays and deductibles) and treatment limitations (such as annual visit limits) applicable to mental health or substance use disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant requirements or limitations applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits. For more Information regarding the criteria for medical necessity determinations made under your employer's plan with respect to mental health or substance use disorder benefits, please contact your plan administrator at (see cover page for contact information).

Michelle's Law

When a dependent child loses student status for purposes of the group health plan coverage as a result of a medically necessary leave of absence from a post-secondary educational institution, the group health plan will continue to provide coverage during the leave of absence for up to one year, or until coverage would otherwise terminate under the group health plan, whichever is earlier. For additional information, contact your plan administrator (see cover page for contact information).

Uniformed Services Employment and Re-Employment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA)

The Uniformed and Services Employment and Re-Employment rights Act of 1994 (USERRA) sets requirements for continuation of health coverage and re-employment in regard to an Employee's military leave of absence. These requirements apply to medical and dental coverage for you and your Dependents. They do not apply to any Life, Short Term or Long Term Disability or Accidental Death & Dismemberment coverage you may have. A full explanation of USERRA and your rights is beyond the scope of this document. If you want to know more, please see the Summary Plan Description (SPD) for any of our group insurance coverage.

An alternative source is VETS. You can contact them at 1-866-4-USA-DOL or visit this site: http://www.dol.gov/vets An interactive online USERRA Advisor can be viewed at https://webapps.dol.gov/elaws/vets/userra/

Nursing Mothers Workplace Protections

What rights do I have to take breaks to pump at work?

The Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) requires employers to provide eligible employees with reasonable break time to pump breast milk for her nursing child for one year after the child's birth. Under the law, employers are required to allow eligible employees reasonable break time to pump whenever needed. Employers are also required to provide eligible employees with a private place to pump—space that is shielded from view, free from intrusion, and NOT in a bathroom. However, the FLSA break time requirements apply only to certain employees.

How do I know if I'm eligible to take breaks to pump at work?

The FLSA break time requirements apply only to employees who are eligible for overtime pay. For example, some salaried managers and office workers, school teachers, over-the-road truckers and helpers, airline employees, and farmworkers may not be eligible. Talk to your employer to find out if you are among the workers eligible for break time to pump at work. If employees are not eligible to take breaks to pump under the FLSA, they may be able to take breaks under state laws providing protections to nursing mothers. Even if an employee is not eligible to take breaks to pump at work, an employer cannot retaliate against an employee for asking about their rights.

Where can I learn more?

Contact the U.S. Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division (WHD) for more information. To contact your local WHD office call the WHD toll-free information and helpline at 1-866-4USWAGE (1-866-487-9243).

Notice of Availability of Form 1095-C and/or Form 1095-B

As required by the Affordable Care Act (ACA), your Form 1095-C, Employer-Provided Health Insurance Offer and Coverage, and/or Form 1095-B, Health Coverage Information, are provided by Simmons University and Harvard Pilgrim Health Care. These forms provide important information about the health insurance coverage and are required to complete your tax filing.

You may contact Simmons University at benefits@simmons.edu or 617-521-2985 to receive a copy of your 1095-C. If you received health coverage through Harvard Pilgrim Health Care, your Form 1095-B is available for download from your secure member account. Please remember that these forms are necessary for your tax filing and will help you avoid penalties for not having minimum essential health coverage.

Massachusetts Pregnant Worker Fairness Act (MA PWFA)

The Pregnant Workers Fairness Act ("the Act") amends the current statute prohibiting discrimination in employment, G.L.c. 151B, §4, enforced by the Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination (MCAD). The Act, effective on April 1, 2018, expressly prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of pregnancy and pregnancy-related conditions, such as lactation or the need to express breast milk for a nursing child. It also describes employers' obligations to employees that are pregnant or lactating and the protections these employees are entitled to receive. Generally, employers may not treat employees or job applicants less favorably than other employees based on pregnancy or pregnancy related conditions and have an obligation to accommodate pregnant workers.

Under the Act:

- Upon request for an accommodation, the employer has an obligation to communicate with the employee in order to determine a reasonable accommodation for the pregnancy or pregnancy-related condition. This is called an "interactive process," and it must be done in good faith. A reasonable accommodation is a modification or adjustment that allows the employee or job applicant to perform the essential functions of the job while pregnant or experiencing a pregnancy-related condition, without undue hardship to the employer.
- An employer must accommodate conditions related to pregnancy, including post-pregnancy conditions such as
 the need to express breast milk for a nursing child, unless doing so would pose an undue hardship on the
 employer. "Undue hardship" means that providing the accommodation would cause the employer significant
 difficulty or expense.
- An employer cannot require a pregnant employee to accept a particular accommodation, or to begin disability or parental leave if another reasonable accommodation would enable the employee to perform the essential functions of the job without undue hardship to the employer.
- An employer cannot refuse to hire a pregnant job applicant or applicant with a pregnancy-related condition, because of the pregnancy or the pregnancy-related condition, if an applicant is capable of performing the essential functions of the position with a reasonable accommodation.
- An employer cannot deny an employment opportunity or take adverse action against an employee because of the employee's request for or use of a reasonable accommodation for a pregnancy or pregnancy-related condition.
- An employer cannot require medical documentation about the need for an accommodation if the accommodation requested is for: (i) more frequent restroom, food or water breaks; (ii) seating; (iii) limits on lifting no more than 20 pounds; and (iv) private, non-bathroom space for expressing breast milk. An employer, may, however, request medical documentation for other accommodations.
- Employers must provide written notice to employees of the right to be free from discrimination due to pregnancy or a condition related to pregnancy, including the right to reasonable accommodations for conditions related to pregnancy, in a handbook, pamphlet, or other means of notice no later than April 1, 2018.
- Employers must also provide written notice of employees' rights under the Act: (1) to new employees at or prior to the start of employment; and (2) to an employee who notifies the employer of a pregnancy or a pregnancy-related condition, no more than 10 days after such notification. The foregoing is a synopsis of the requirements under the Act, and both employees and employers are encouraged to read the full text of the law available on the General Court's website here: https://malegislature.gov/Laws/SessionLaws/Acts/2017/Chapter54.

If you believe you have been discriminated against on the basis of pregnancy or a pregnancy-related condition, you may file a formal complaint with the MCAD. You may also have the right to file a complaint with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission if the conduct violates the Pregnancy Discrimination Act, which amended Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Both agencies require the formal complaint to be filed within 300 days of the discriminatory act.

MA Earned Sick Time: Notice of Employee Rights

Beginning July 1, 2015, Massachusetts employees have the right to earn and take sick leave from work.

WHO QUALIFIES?

All employees in Massachusetts can earn sick time.

This includes full-time, part-time, temporary, and seasonal employees.

HOW IS IT EARNED?

- Employees earn 1 hour of sick time for every 30 hours they work.
- Employees can earn and use up to 40 hours per year if they work enough hours.
- Employees with unused earned sick time at the end of the year can rollover up to 40 hours.
- Employees begin earning sick time on their first day of work and may begin using earned sick time 90 days after starting work.

WILL IT BE PAID?

- If an employer has 11 or more employees, sick time must be paid.
- For employers with 10 or fewer employees, sick time may be unpaid.
- Paid sick time must be paid on the same schedule and at the same rate as regular wages.

WHEN CAN IT BE USED?

- An employee can use sick time when the employee or the employee's child, spouse, parent, or parent of a spouse is sick, has a medical appointment, or has to address the effects of domestic violence.
- The smallest amount of sick time an employee can take is one hour.
- Sick time cannot be used as an excuse to be late for work without advance notice of a proper use.
- Use of sick time for other purposes is not allowed and may result in an employee being disciplined.

CAN AN EMPLOYER HAVE A DIFFERENT POLICY?

Yes. Employers may have their own sick leave or paid time off policy, so long as employees can use at least the same amount of time, for the same reasons, and with the same job-protections as under the Earned Sick Time Law.

RETALIATION

- Employees using earned sick time cannot be fired or otherwise retaliated against for exercising or attempting to exercise rights under the law.
- Examples of retaliation include: denying use or delaying payment of earned sick time, firing an employee, taking away work hours, or giving the employee undesirable assignments.

NOTICE & VERIFICATION

- Employees must notify their employer before they use sick time, except in a emergency.
- Employers may require employees to use a reasonable notification system the employer creates
- If an employee is out of work for 3 consecutive days OR uses sick time within 2 weeks of leaving his or her job, an employer may require documentation from a medical provider.

DO YOU HAVE QUESTIONS?

Call the Fair Labor Division at 617-727-3465 or visit www.mass.gov/ago/earnedsicktime

The Attorney General enforces the Earned Sick Time Law and regulations.

It is unlawful to violate any provision of the Earned Sick Time Law.

Violations of any provision of the Earned Sick time law, M.G.L. c. 149, §148C, or these regulations, 940 CMR 33.00 shall be subject to paragraphs (1), (2), (4), (6) and (7) of subsection (b) of M.G.L. c. 149, §27C(b) and to §15O.

This notice is intended to inform.

Full text of the law and regulations are available at www.mass.gov/ago/earnedsicktime

PAID FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES (25 or more Workers)

Please read this notice carefully. It contains important information about your rights, obligations, and eligibility under the Massachusetts Paid Family and Medical Leave (PFML) law. Please keep this notice for your records.

The Massachusetts PFML law provides most Massachusetts employees the right to paid family and medical leave. These rights are described further below and include both (1) job protection when the employee returns to work and (2) partial wage-replacement benefits while the employee is out of work. Employers can provide these benefits either by (1) participating in the PFML Trust Fund operated by the Massachusetts Department of Family and Medical Leave (the Department), or (2) providing an exempt private plan that offers benefits at least as generous as those available through the Department.

Regardless of whether your employer participates in the state Trust Fund or has a private plan, you will be entitled to certain benefits and protections. You may be required to make contributions to the Trust Fund or to fund your employer's private plan, but only up to a certain amount. You will also need to tell your employer when you need leave, and you will need to file an application for benefits with the Department or through your employer's private plan.

An employer may apply for an exemption from the medical leave contribution, family leave contribution, or both. Your employer, Simmons University, has an approved private plan for medical leave and the family leave is administered by the Department. Your employer has made that information available in the box below:

Simmons University (Employer Name)	☐ Does not have an approved private plan and is providing all leave benefits through the Department;
Unum (Private Plan Name)	☐ Has an approved private plan for both family and medical leave benefits;
800-858-6843 (Private Plan Phone Number)	☐ Has an approved private plan for family leave benefits only, and is providing medical leave benefits through
1 Fountain Square, Chattanooga, TN 37402 (Private Plan Address)	the Department;
<u>services.unum.com/claims</u> (Private Plan Website)	 Has an approved private plan for medical leave benefits only and is providing family leave benefits through the Department.

I. Explanation of Benefits

Leave Allotments. Under the PFML Law, you may be entitled to up to:

- 12 weeks of paid family leave in a benefit year for the birth, adoption, or foster care placement of a child; to
 care for a family member with a serious health condition; or because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the
 fact that a family member is on active duty or has been notified of an impending call to active duty in the
 Armed Forces;
- 20 weeks of paid medical leave in a benefit year if they have a serious health condition that incapacitates them from work;
- 26 weeks of paid family leave in a benefit year to care for a family member who is a covered service member undergoing medical treatment or otherwise addressing consequences of a serious health condition relating to the family member's military service;
- 26 total weeks, in the aggregate, of paid family and medical leave in a single benefit year.

A "benefit year" is the 12 months preceding the Sunday immediately before your leave begins.

<u>Other Leaves.</u> Any leave you take – paid or unpaid – for the same qualifying reasons listed above will count towards your amount of leave for that benefit year.

<u>Eligibility</u>. You will be eligible for leave and wage-replacement benefits if you meet the earnings test. You must have earned at least 30 times the expected benefit amount and <u>met the minimum earnings requirement established annually by the Department of Unemployment Assistance (DUA), which is \$6,300 for 2025, during the last 4 completed calendar quarters. (This is the amount calculated in the "Wage Replacement Payments" section below.)</u>

<u>Wage Replacement Payments.</u> When you take leave for any of the reasons described above, you will be eligible to apply to the Department or to your employer's private plan for wage replacement benefits. These benefits will be a proportion of your average weekly earnings. Your maximum potential benefit amount will be as follows:

- 80% of earnings up to 50% of the State Average Weekly Wage
- 50% of earnings above the State Average Weekly Wage
- In no event more than a maximum amount. For 2025, this maximum benefit amount is \$1,170.64. This amount will be adjusted annually based on increases in the State Average Weekly Wage.

Private plans may choose to provide higher benefits but may not provide lower amounts than what the Department would pay.

<u>Concurrent Benefits Payments.</u> If you receive benefits from other sources while you are also receiving benefits from the Department, the benefits you receive from the Department may be reduced. Certain types of other benefits will cause a one-for-one reduction in benefits you receive from the Department. This means that for each dollar you receive from these benefits, your benefit from the Department will decrease by a dollar. Benefits that will have this effect include:

- Workers' Compensation
- Unemployment Insurance
- Permanent Disability Policies or Programs
- Extended Illness Leave Bank Leave

Other forms of benefits will not reduce the benefits you receive from the Department unless you are receiving more than your average weekly wage in total benefits. Benefits that will have this effect include:

- Temporary Disability Policies or Programs (including both Short-Term Disability and Long-Term Disability)
- Employer-run Family and/or Medical Leave Policies or Programs

<u>Topping off PFML benefit payments.</u> In general, employees may use their paid leave (sick time, vacation, or other PTO) to top off their PFML benefits up to a certain amount, but you will need to follow your employer's policies regarding earning and using time off. Your employer's PTO policy may not discriminate against you for exercising a right to which you are entitled under the PFML program (M.G.L. c 175M). For employees who choose to supplement their PFML benefits in this way, the combined weekly sum of PFML benefits and employer-provided paid leave benefits cannot exceed the employee's Individual Average Weekly Wage (IAWW). Employers will be responsible for monitoring and ensuring that the combined weekly sum of employer-provided paid leave benefits and PFML benefits does not exceed an employee's IAWW. Employers are also responsible for managing any payments made to an employee that exceed the employee's IAWW. The Department is not involved in the repayment process for top off overages. This process is solely the responsibility of the employer and the employee.

II. Employee Rights and Protections

<u>Job Protection</u>. Generally, if you take family or medical leave, once you return to work, your employer must restore you to your previous position or to an equivalent position, with the same status, pay, employment benefits, length-of-service credit, and seniority as of the date you started your leave. This may not apply if your position was eliminated due to economic reasons unrelated to your use of leave.

<u>Continuation of Health Insurance.</u> Your employer must continue to provide for and contribute to your employment-related health insurance benefits, if any, at the level and under the conditions coverage would have been provided if you had continued working for the duration of such leave. Your employer may require you to continue to pay your portion of your health insurance premium on the same terms and conditions as before your leave.

<u>No Retaliation.</u> It is unlawful for any employer to discriminate or retaliate against you for exercising any right to which you are entitled under the paid family and medical leave law. An employee or former employee who is retaliated against for exercising rights under the law may, not more than three years after the violation occurs, institute a civil action in the superior court.

III. Contribution Amounts

To help fund paid leave benefits available under the PFML law, your employer may make a contribution, funded in part by a deduction from your wages, which will either be remitted to the Trust Fund or to the operator of your employer's private plan. An employer who contributes to the Trust Fund will be required to contribute the following amounts:

Family Leave Contribution	Medical Leave Contribution	Total Contribution Amount
0.18% of earnings*	0.70% of earnings*	0.88% of earnings*

Because your employer has 25 or more covered workers, the total contribution amount is 0.88% of wages.

Under the law, employers are responsible for a minimum of 60% of the medical leave contribution (.42% of wages) but are permitted to deduct from employees' wages up to 40% of the medical leave contribution (.28% of wages) and up to 100% of the family leave contribution (.18% of wages) for a total of .46% of wages. Whether your employer has a private plan or participates in the state Trust Fund, your employer cannot deduct more than these percentages from your wages.

Your employer has elected to allocate the contribution amount as follows:

	Total Required Contribution: 0.70%*			
ave	Simmons University	will contribute	60%	of the medical leave contribution
Medical Leave	(Employer Name)	_		
Medic		and the remaining	40%	will be deducted from your earnings

nily leave contribution
ducted from your

^{*} The numbers provided are through 2025. These rates may be adjusted on an annual basis, effective January 1 of each calendar year.

IV. Notifying your Employer

BEFORE you take leave or apply for benefits, you MUST notify your employer that you need to take leave. You are required to provide at least 30 days' notice of your need for leave. If 30 days' notice is not possible due to circumstances beyond your control, you must provide notice as soon as practicable, and in any event, before you file any application for benefits.

When you notify your employer of your need for leave, you must provide the following information:

- 1. The anticipated start date of leave:
- 2. The anticipated length of the leave;
- 3. The expected date of return from leave;
- 4. Whether you will need intermittent leave (leave taken in separate blocks of two or more) or reduced leave (leave that involves a reduced schedule of fewer hours or days per week), and:
- 5. If you need intermittent or reduced leave schedule, the expected frequency of leave and expected duration of each instance of leave.

If any of this information changes, you must tell your employer as soon as you are aware of the change.

V. Submitting an application

To apply for PFML benefits, you will need the following information about your employer:

(Employer Name)			
300 The Fenway			
(Employer Street Addre	ss)		
Boston, MA, 02115			
(Employer City, State, 2	ľip)		
04-2103629			

If your employer contributes to the Trust Fund, you must submit an application for benefits with the Department. You may submit this application in one of two ways:

- 1. You can create an account to apply online through the Department's Application Website at paidleave.mass.gov/login/
- 2. You can call the Department's Contact Center at (833) 344-7365 to complete an application over the phone.

Forms and application instructions are available on the Department's website at www.mass.gov/info-details/get-ready-to-apply-for-paid-family-and-medical-leave-pfml-benefits.

VI. For More Information

For more detailed information, please consult the Department's website: www.mass.gov/DFML. You may contact the Department of Family and Medical Leave at:

The Massachusetts Department of Family and Medical Leave

PO Box 838 Lawrence, MA 01842

Contact Center: (833) 344-7365

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Your signature below acknowledges your receipt of the inform employment.	
Signature	Date

Name (Print) - Your signed acknowledgement will be retained by your employer. Please retain a copy for your own reference.